

Safety Data Sheet SALIGUARD BDHA

Section 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE				
1.1 Identification of the substance				
Product Name: SALIGUARD BDHA				
REACH Pre- Registration number:	Not applicable. Quantity sell within Europe market is less than 1 tonne so REACH registration of constituents in product not required.			
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substances or mixture and used advised against				
Recommended use:	Recommended use: Preservative.			
Recommended restrictions: None known				

2.1 Classification of substance or mixture according to F	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	B (CLP)
Human health hazard categories and codes:	Acute oral toxicity Acute inhalation toxicity	category 4 category 4
2.2 Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	(CLP)	



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		\•\			
		GHS07			
		Exclamation mark			
Hazard St	tatements:	H302: Harmful if swallo			
- Propositio	nom/	H332: Harmful if inhale P261: Avoid breathing			
 Precautio Statemen 	•	P264: Wash thoroughly			
Otatomon			gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection		
			ALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induc D: Remove person to fresh air and keep		
		breathing.			
2.3. Other hazards	Not	known			
Section 3 - COMPOS	ITION/INFORMAT	ON ON INGREDIEN	TS		
Constituent	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration range	Remarks	
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	202-859-9	>=86.0 - < 88.0 % w/w	None	
dehydracetic acid	520-45-6	208-293-9	>=7.5 - < 8.5 % w/w	None	
water	7732-18-5	231-791-2	>=3.5 - < 6.5 % w/w	None	
Section 4 - FIRST AID	MEASURES				
4.1 Description of Firs	t Aid measures:				
General meas		Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if you feel unwell			
		(show this label to doctor/physician if possible). Move out of dangerous area. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.			
• Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and low					
	,	eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10			
		minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.			
Skin Contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and sh			-		
Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash c thoroughly before reuse.			toms occur. wash clothing before reuse.	Clean snoes	
trioroughly before					



 Inhalation 	:	Move exposed person to fresh air. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the
		rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep
		person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest
		occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous
		to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention.
		If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.
		Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
 Ingestion 	:	Wash out mouth with water. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and
		at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small
		quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be
		dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If
		vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get
		medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If
		unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain
		an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
4.2. Most important sy	mptoms an	nd effects, both acute and delayed
Not defined		<u> </u>
4.3. Indication of any i	mmediate r	medical attention and special treatment needed
<u>-</u>		nediately if any symptoms occur.
Section 5 - FIRE-FIG	LITING ME	ACURE
Section 5 - FIRE-FIG	HIING ME	ASURES
5.1. Extinguishing med	lia:	
Suitable extinguishing	media: wat	ter spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO2
Unsuitable extinguishi	ng media: v	water jet
•	_	the substance or mixture:
		ure: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Products of Combustic	n: Decomp	osition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides.
E 2. Advise for fire field	-1	
5.3. Advice for fire-figh		Demands Scalet the second by any day of the second by 1224 of the
		ers : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if en involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Consistence (1)	Silali De lak	en involving any personal risk of without suitable training.

Disclaimer: As the users' condition of work is not known, the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate to the best of our knowledge and is based on the national community regulations. The product must not be employed for uses other than those specified without having previously obtained written handling instructions. Users are responsible for taking all necessary to comply with the requirements of the law and local regulations. The information contained in this sheet should be regarded as the description of the safety requirements relating to our products and not as a guarantee of its properties.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained

breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Remark: Never use water jet. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water.



No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation Personal Protective Equipment: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section Exposure controls / personal protection). Respiratory Protection: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section Exposure controls / personal protection). Avoid contact with eyes and skin by use of protective equipment(as mention in section 8.2) Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section Exposure controls / personal protective). Avoid contact with eyes and skin by use of protective equipment(as mention in section 8.2) Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8.2) Wear personal respiratory protective equipment(as mention in section 8.2) Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8.2) Wear personal protection. Avoid contact with eyes and skin by use of protective equipment(as mention in section 8.2) Put on one eat, drink, and smoke at working place. Avoid contact with skin and eye. Take care on disposal of product. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Ditute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal container product in product in product in product. Note: see General Information for emergency contact information and section: Disposal considerations). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the s	6.1. Personal precautions, protective	equipment and emergency procedures:		
Personal Protective Equipment: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section Exposure controls / personal protection). Avoid contact with eyes and skin by use of protective equipment. (as mention in section 8.2) Personal Protection: Wear personal respiratory protective equipment. (as mention in section 8.2) Po not eat, drink, and smoke at working place. Avoid contact with skin and eye. Take care on disposal of product. Protection: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal serving waste disposal container for disposal according to local regulations (see section: Disposal considerations). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see General Information for emergency contact information and section: Disposal considerations for waste disposal. Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE	No action shall be taken involving any p	personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel		
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• Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.	6.3. Methods and material for contain For small spill: For large spill: Section 7 - HANDLING AND STO 7.1 Precautions for safe handling • Put on appropriate personal p	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section: Disposal considerations). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see General Information for emergency contact information and section: Disposal considerations for waste disposal. RAGE		



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- Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking.
- Do not breathe vapour or mist.
- Do not ingest.
- Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
- Use only with adequate ventilation.
- Wear appropriate
- Respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
- Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use.
- Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage:

- Store in accordance with local regulations.
- Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section Stability and reactivity) and food and drink.
- Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.
- Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
- Do not store in unlabelled containers.
- Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Remarks: Ensure effective ventilation. Vent waste air only via suitable separators or scrubbers. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

7.3 Specific end use(s):

As mention in section 1.2.

Section 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION				
8.1 Control parameters:				
Not Applicable.				
8.2 Exposure Control:				
 Engineering measures: 	Use only with adequate ventilation.			
	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep			
	worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or			
	statutory limits.			
Respiratory Protection:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an			
	approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.			
	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected			
	the hazards of the product and the sale working lithits of the selected			

respirator.



	Recommended: Combination filter, e.g., DIN 3181 ABEK if product forms vapours.			
Hand Protection:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. After contamination with product change the gloves immediately and dispose of them according to relevant national and local regulations Recommended: (< 1 hour) Butyl rubber - IIR, Fluorinated rubber - FKM, Polyvinyl chloride - PVC.			
Eye protection:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Recommended: Safety glasses.			
Skin protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Wear protective clothing.			
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Environmental exposure controls	Technical measures: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
	<u>'</u>			
Section 9 – PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PRO	OPERTIES:			
9.1 illiornation on basic physical and chem	9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:			
Appearance:	Pale yellow clear liquid			
Odour:	Not available			
Odour threshold:	Not available			
• pH:	Not available			
Melting point/Freezing point:	Not available			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	ge: >200°C (estimated)			



•	Flash point:			Not available			
•	Evaporation rate:	-			Not available		
•	Flammability:			Not available			
•	Upper/lower flamn	nability or explo	sive	Not available			
	limits:						
•	Vapour pressure:			Not available			
•	Vapour density:			Not available			
•	Relative density:			1.05 to 1.08 at 20 deg			
•	Solubility(ies):			Slightly soluble in water			
•	Partition coefficier	nt: n-octanol/wa	ter:	Not available			
•	Auto-Ignition Tem	perature:		Not available			
•	Decomposition ter	mperature:		Not available			
•	Viscosity:			Not available			
•	Explosive properti	es:		No			
•	Oxidizing properti	es:		No			
9.2	Other information:	: None					
Secti	on 10 - STABILITY A	ND REACTIVI	ГҮ				
•	Reactivity:			No specific test d	lata related to	reactivity available for this product or	
_	redutivity.			its ingredients.	ala rolatoa to	reactivity available for the product of	
•	Chemical stability:			The product is stable.			
•	Possibility of hazardous reactions:			Under normal con not occur.	ditions of stor	age and use, hazardous reactions will	
	On a distance to accord						
•				No specific data. No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as			
•	Hazardous decomp	osition products:		prescribed/indicated.			
•	Incompatible materi	Incompatible materials:			No specific data.		
	·		Į.				
Secti	on 11 - TOXICOLOG	ICAL INFORM	ATION				
11.1 li	nformation on toxicolo	gical effects:					
•	Product shows acut	e oral and inhala	tion toxicit	y due to its compos	sition:		
	Substance	Organism		Test type	Route	Reported dose	
		Rat	Acute O	ral toxicity	Oral	LD50: For male 1.55	
						mL/kg bw	
	benzyl alcohol	Rat	Acute Ir	halation toxicity	inhalation	LC50: For male and female	



					animals were>4178 mg/m³	
					air	
11 2 ler	itation Corrosion:					
11.2 111	Eye: The product do	nes not cause ev	e irritation			
	Skin: The product d	•				
	- Chim The product of		an maden			
11.3 Se	ensitization					
•	Skin: The product of	does not cause S	Skin sensitization.			
	р. одиот		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
11.4 CI	MR effects (carcinoge	enicity, mutager	icity and toxicity for reprod	uction)		
	· · · · ·			· · ·		
•	Carcinogenicity:	N	ot classified as carcinogen.			
•	Mutagenic effects:	: N	ot classified as a mutagen.			
•	Reprotoxic effects	: N	ot found to be reprotoxic.			
11.5 Ot	ther toxic effects on h	numans:				
•	Inhalation:	H	armful if inhaled			
•	Eyes:	N	No data available			
•	Ingestion:	Н	Harmful if swallowed			
•	Chronic toxicity:	N	No data available			
11.6 NI	OSH Immediately Dar	ngerous to Life	or Health Concentration (ID	LH):		
No information available for the mixture						
11.7 Specific target organ toxicity:						
	Single exposure: No experimental or epidemiological sufficient evidence for specific target orgation toxicity.				•	
	Repeated exposure: No experimental or epidemiological sufficient evidence for specific target organ toxicity				organ	
Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION						
12.1 Ec	cotoxicity:					
•	Data not available for product					



12.2 Parsistance and degradability:					
12.2 Persistence and degradability:					
The product was found to be readily biodeg	radable.				
42.2 Riogeoumulative potential:					
·	12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:				
The product has a low potential to bioaccur	nulate due to its low log Pow Value.				
12.4 Mobility in soil:					
Data not available.					
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:					
As none of the criteria laid down in Annex X nor a vPvB-substance. So product is not PB	(III of the REACH Regulation are fulfilled, Benzyl alcohol is neither a PBT BT / vPvB				
12.6 Other adverse effects:					
None					
Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:					
Disposal of product: Examine possibilities for re-utilisation. Product residues and uncleaned empty containers should packaged, sealed, labelled, and disposed of or recycled according relevant national and local regulations. Where large quantities are concerned, consult the supplier. When uncleaned empty containers are passed on, the recipient must be warned of any possible hazard that may be caused by residues. For disposal within the EC, the appropriate code according to European Waste List (EWL) should be used. It is among the tasks of the polluter to assign the waste to was codes specific to industrial sectors and processes according to European Waste List (EWL).					
Disposal of Packaging: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized where possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should be considered when recycling is not feasible. Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empleted containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of special and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains sewers.					



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Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The product is not classified hazardous to transport as per Land transport (ADR/RID), Marine transport (IMDG), Air transport ICAO/IATA, and Department of Transportation (DOT). Keep away from foodstuffs.

UN Number:	Not applicable
UN proper shipping name:	Not regulated
Transport hazard class:	Not applicable. Not classified as dangerous for transport.
Packing group:	Not regulated
Environmental hazards:	Prevent disposal into the drains.

Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Other regulatory information:

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture No data available

Inventory Status: Listed in: TSCA (United states), EINECS (EU), NZIoC (New zealand), DSL (Canada), PICCS (Philippines), AICS (Australia), Japan (ENCS)..

HMIS (Hazardous Materials Identification system) classification



- 1 = Irritation or minor reversible injury possible.
- 1 = Materials that must be preheated before ignition will occur. Includes liquids, solids and semi solids having a flash point above 200 °F.
 0= Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.



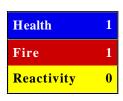








NFPA
 (National Fire Protection Association)



- 1 = Exposure would cause irritation with only minor residual injury
- 1 = Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur (e.g. mineral oil). Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93 °C (200 °F).

0=Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment:

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the substance or the mixture by the supplier (LR)- No

Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 Technical Advice:

- Use data given in this Safety Data Sheet and make an inventory list of all chemicals used in the factory
- Create a Register for Workplace Chemicals;
- Set priorities concerning the safety in the organization
- Create emergency plans for the assessed hazards;
- Organize occupational health care and regular surveys as necessary;
- Organize contacts with authorities/laboratories to create a monitoring system for chemical hazards, and to reliably measure and/or estimate occupational exposures to chemicals when needed;
- Start collecting case studies of accidents and sickness records in the enterprise to create a basis for priority measures
 in the control of hazards;
- Involve workers in safety organizations, such as the system of Safety Representatives and Committees.
- Do regular inspection using checklists made for the particular chemicals and chemical processes in use;
- Mark and label all chemicals;
- Keep at hand an inventory list of all chemicals handled in the place of work together with a collection of Chemical Safety Data Sheets for these chemicals;
- Train workers to read and understand the Chemical Safety Information, including the health hazards and routes of exposure; train them to handle dangerous chemicals and processes with respect;



- Plan, develop and choose the safe working procedures;
- Reduce the number of people coming into contact with dangerous chemicals;
- Reduce the length of time and/or frequency of exposure of workers to dangerous chemicals;
- Train workers to know and understand the emergency procedures;
- Equip and train workers to use personal protective equipment properly after everything possible has been done to eliminate hazards by means of other methods;

16.2 List of relevant R phrases:

R20/22 - Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed